What kind of bird is that...

When trying to identify a bird, the first things to look for are location and behavior. Is the bird up high making noise, or on the ground digging in leaves? Next, think about size and shape. Is it big like a crow, or small like a sparrow? Does it have pointy wings, or a long tail? Finally, you can use field marks to identify birds - flip to the back panel to discover how!

in the trees?

Almost all the birds of the Blue Ridge use trees and shrubs for food, shelter, or nesting. Woodpeckers and chickadees make their nests in the cavities of trees and pick insects from the bark. Trees can provide seeds and berries for birds such as cardinals and goldfinches to eat. Look into the trees. How many different birds can you find? ____ What parts of the tree are the birds using?

Eastern Towhee

Pipilo erythrophthalmus



Dark-eyed Junco

Junco Hyemalis

Mourning Dove Zenaida macroura others will call attention to food, danger or territory. Carolina wrens are known for their loud, cheerful song and chattering sounds. Northern mockingbirds can imitate hundreds of different sounds, and will sometimes sing at night! Close your eyes and listen for one minute. How many different birds can you hear around you?

Birds that spend a lot of time in the air use their strong eyesight to

flying overhead? Are they flapping or gliding?

find food. Hawks, crows and vultures can usually be found perched or circling up high as they search for their next meal. Scan the sky over fields and through openings in the trees. Are there any large birds

Red-tailed Hawk



Northern Mockingbird Mimus polyglottos

Thryothorus ludovicianus

in the air?

Turkey Vulture

illustrations by David William:

