When identifying birds, start by observing their location and behavior. Is the bird up high, making noise? Or is it on the ground, digging in leaves?

Next, observe its appearance. Is it big like a crow, or small like a sparrow? Does it have pointy wings, or a long tail? What color is it? And what sort of markings does it have?

These things can help you identify the birds you are looking at!

Check off the birds you find on your hike today!

O American Cliff Swallow Petrochelidon pyrrhonota varied "pidaro pidaro pidaro"

○ Great Blue Heron Ardea herodias squawking "roh-roh-roh" or rapid "frawnk" squawk

Illustrations by David Williams Wingin' It Works

Branta canadensis loud honks, barks, and cackles

O Canada Goose

Baltimore Oriole Icterus galbula series of short notes; flute-like sound

Rock Dove (Pigeon) Columba livia throaty "coos"

O American Bald Eagle Haliaeetus leucocephalus high-pitched whistling or piping notes

O American Crow Corvus brachyrhynchos "caw, caw, caw"

> Northern Cardinal Cardinalis cardinalis "cheer, cheer, cheer"

O Turkey Vulture

O Northern Parula

Setophaga americana

rising, buzzy trill

Cathartes aura low, throaty hissing

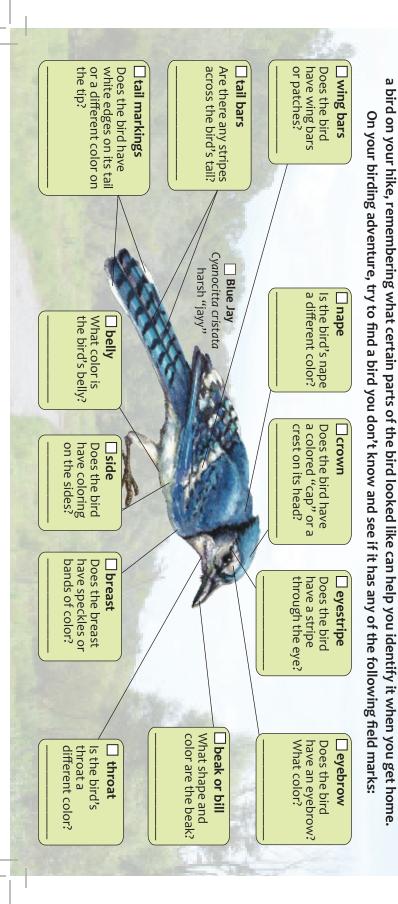
> Cedar Waxwing Bombycilla cedrorum high-pitched, trilled "bzeee"

Spinus tristis "po-ta-to-chip"

Buteo jamaicensis hoarse, screaming "kee-eeeee-arr"

O Red-tailed Hawk

O American Goldfinch



In addition to size, shape, location and

behavior, field marks can be used to help identify birds. If you can't identify

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Whether perching in the trees, wading in the shallows, flying overhead, or singing from the shrubs, many types of birds specialize in a life on or near the river. Use this brochure to see how many birds you can find on your hike today.

> O Double-crested Cormorant Phalacrocorax auritus pig-like grunts

